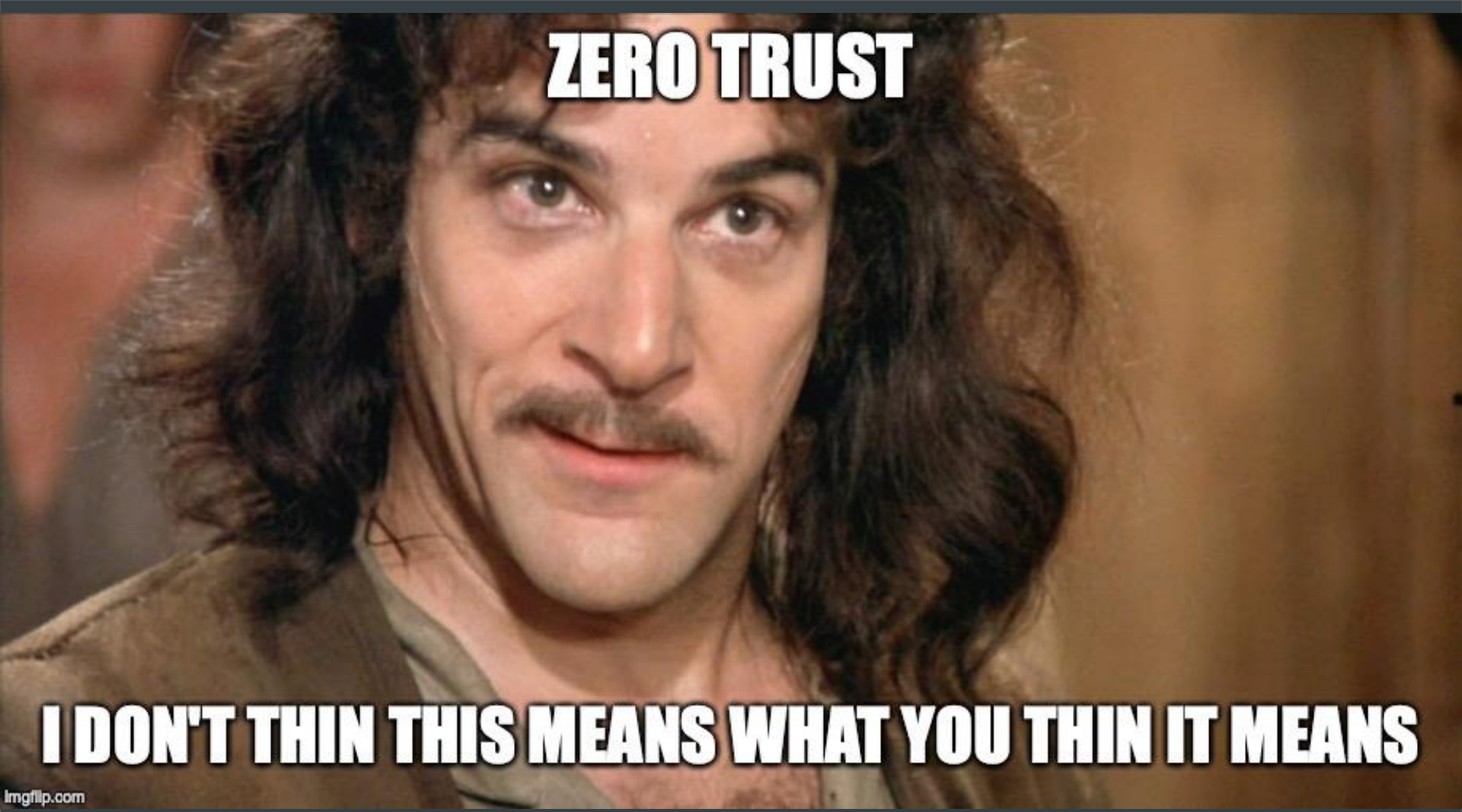
State of ~~Love~~ & Trust

Sean Frazier Advisory CISO - Federal
sean@duo.com | @seanfsez

Duo Security is now part of Cisco.


ZERO TRUST
I DON'T THIN THIS MEANS WHAT YOU THIN IT MEANS
imgflip.com


ZERO TRUST

What is Zero Trust, industry edition?

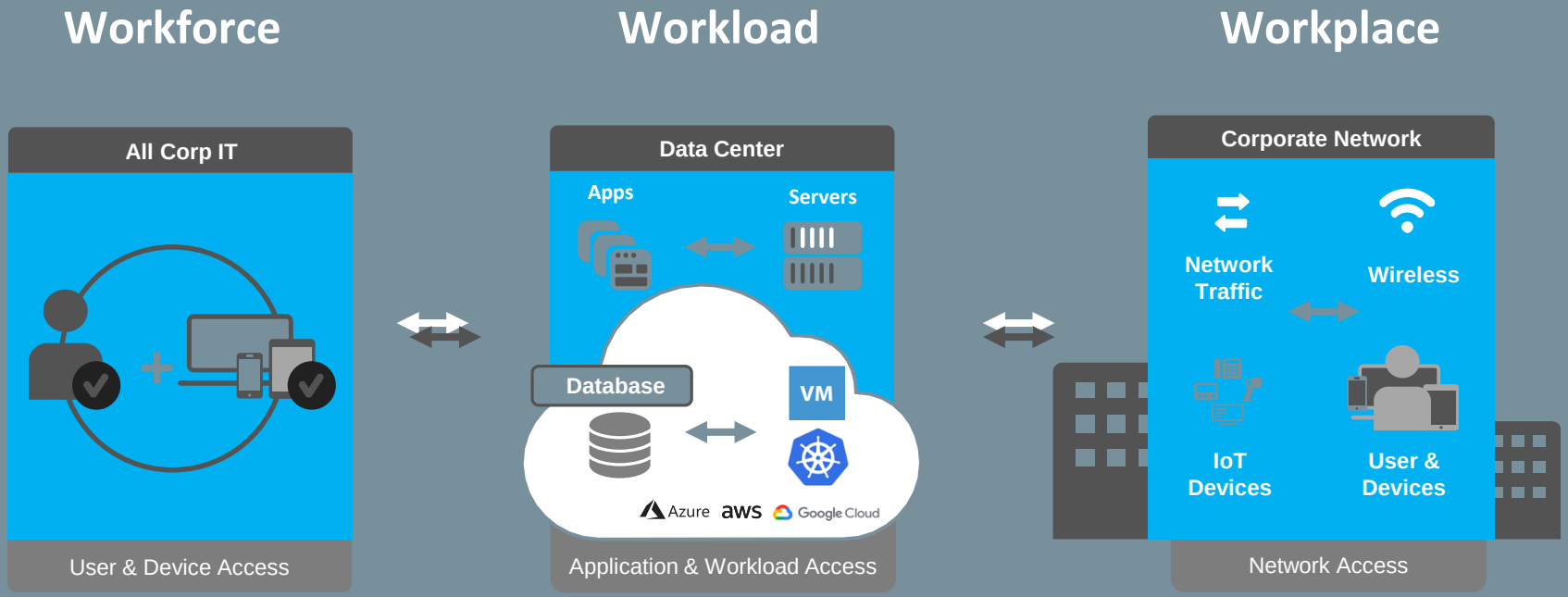
- 2004ish - Jericho Commandments
- 2010 - John Kindervag, father of Zero Trust
- 2014 - Google BeyondCorp
- 2017 - O’reilly Zero Trust Networks


amazon
web services™


Are You
My
Perimeter?

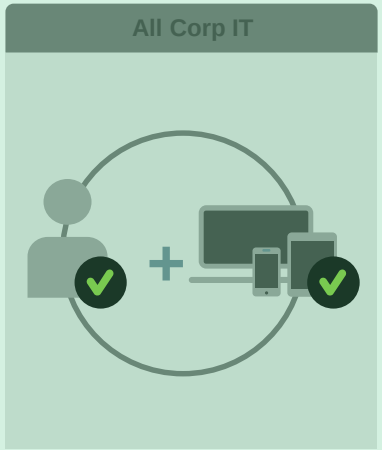
Securing Access in the Enterprise

Access happens everywhere – how do establish trusted access?



Cisco Zero Trust

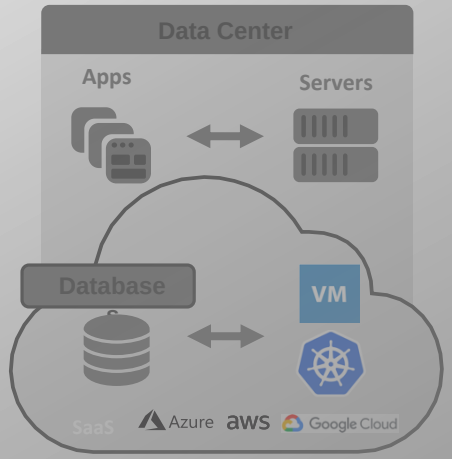
Secure the Workforce
With Duo



User & Device Access

Application Access

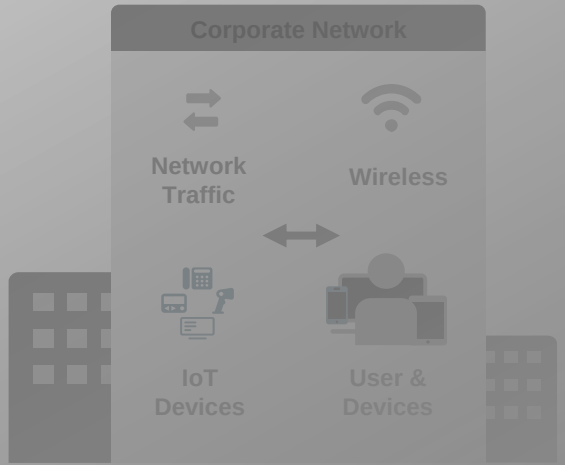
Secure Your Workloads
With Tetration



Workload Access

WAN Routing

Secure the Workplace
With Software-Defined Access



Network Access

MFA + Device Trust

Application Micro-Segmentation

Network Segmentation

Visibility | Policy | Enforce | Report

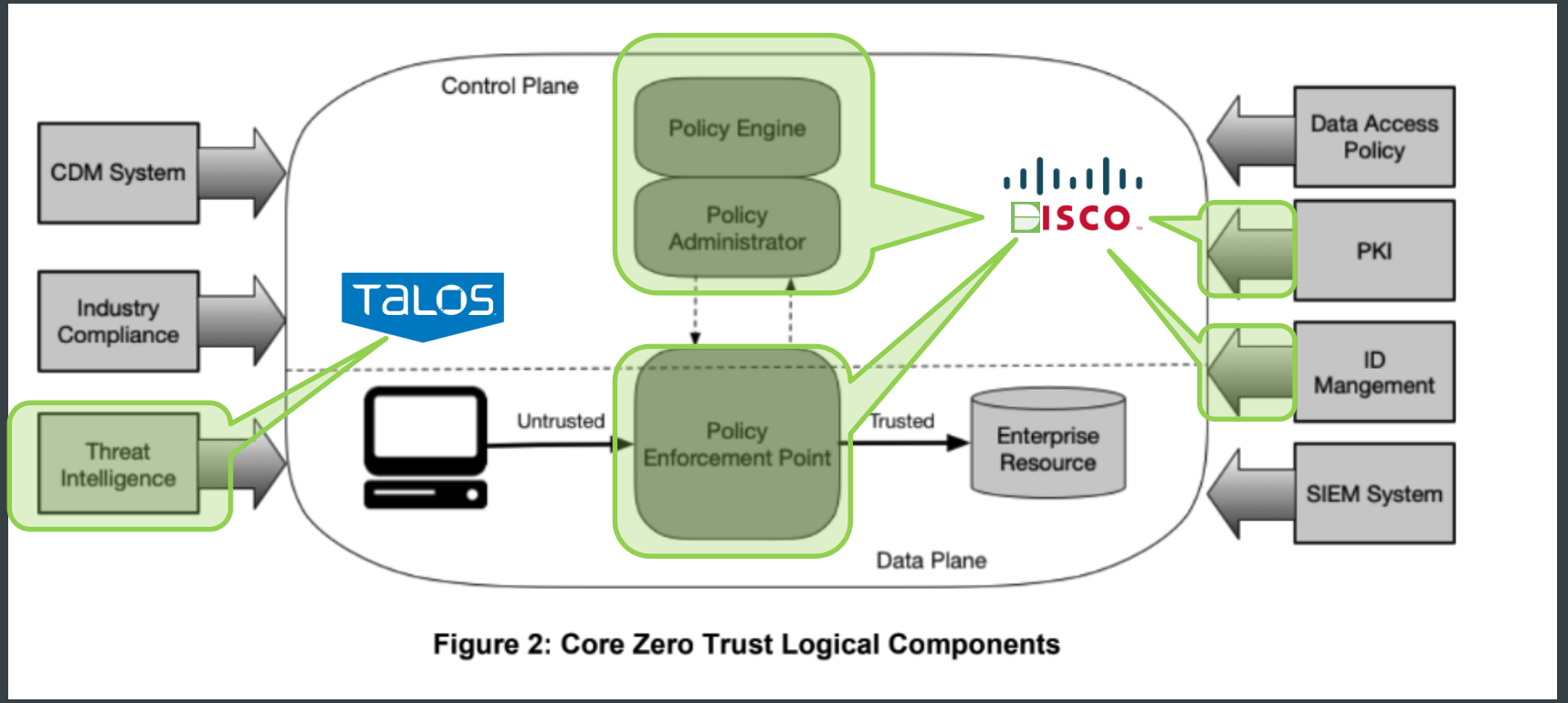
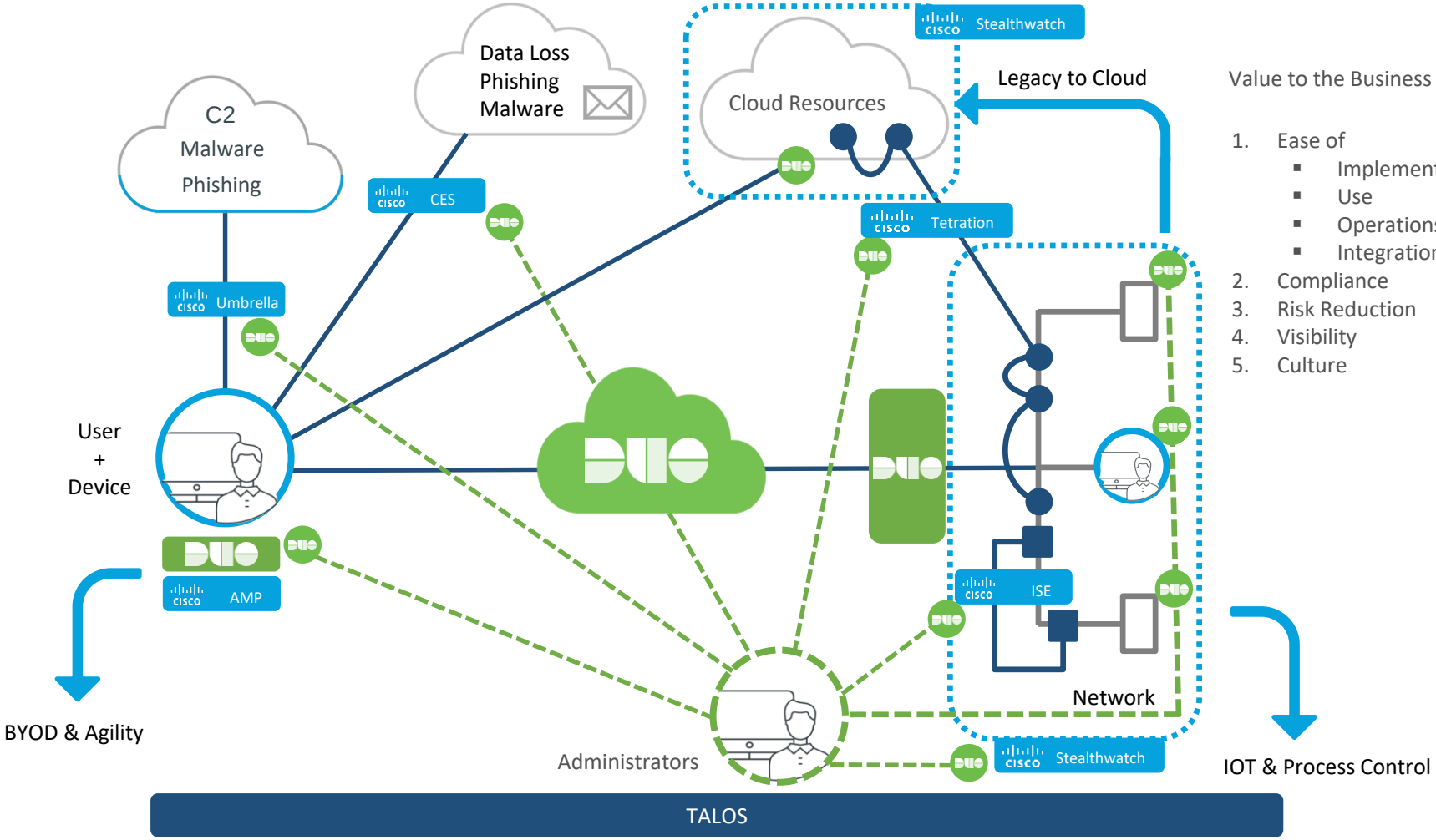


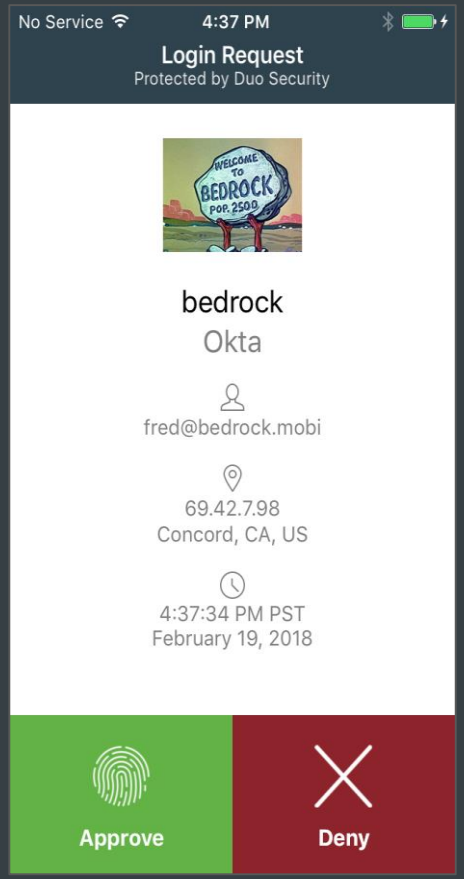
Figure 2: Core Zero Trust Logical Components

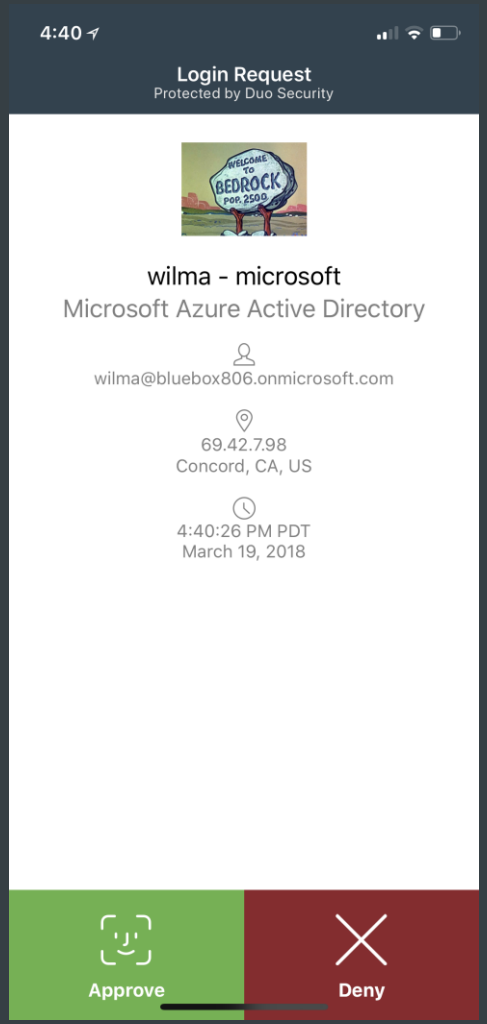
The User Journey – Cisco Zero Trust

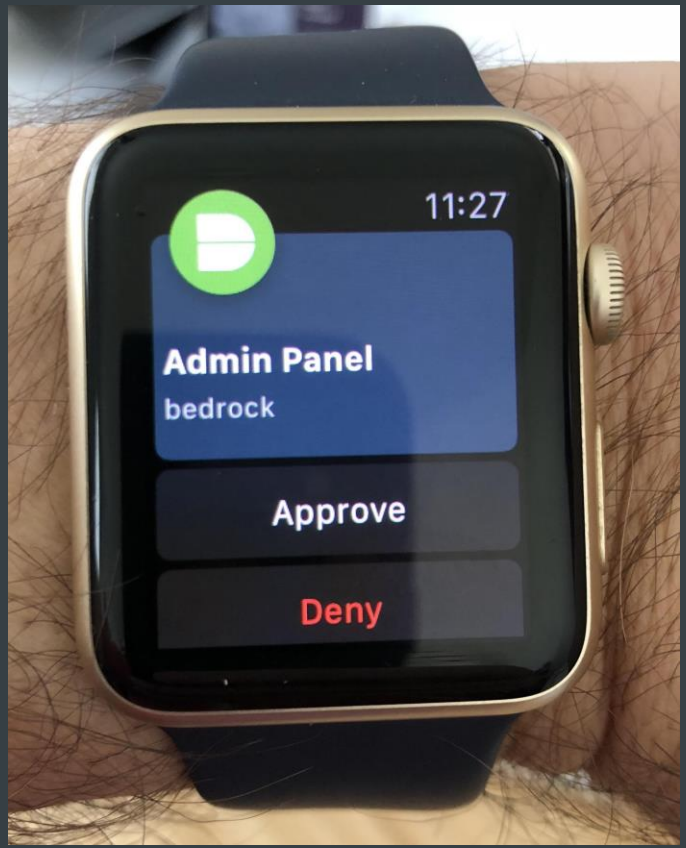


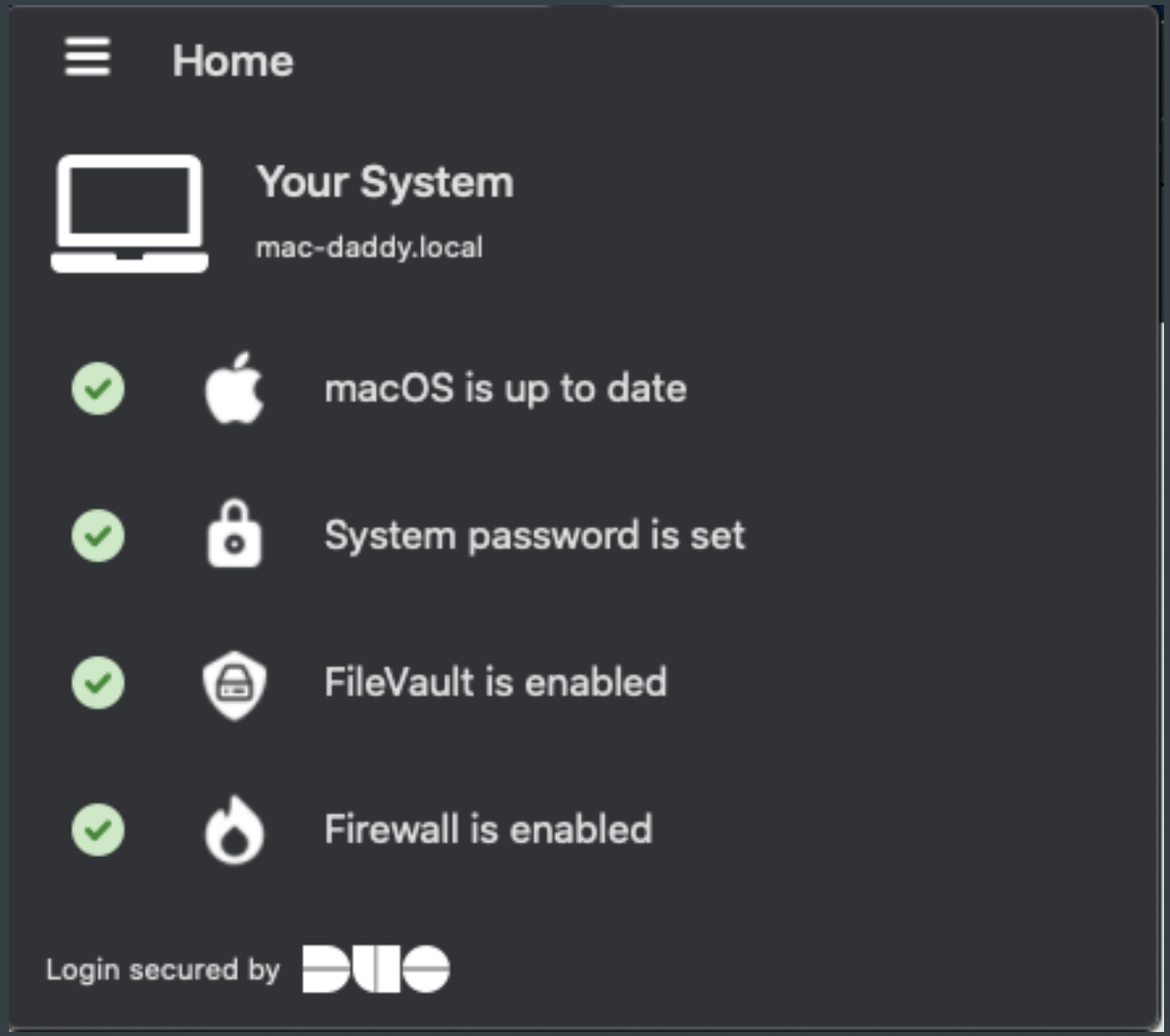
Value to the Business Priorities

1. Ease of
   - Implementation
   - Use
   - Operations/FTE
   - Integration
2. Compliance
3. Risk Reduction
4. Visibility
5. Culture


No Service
4:37 PM
Login Request
Protected by Duo Security
WELCOME TO BEDROCK POP. 2500
bedrock
Okta
fred@bedrock.mobi
69.42.7.98
Concord, CA, US
4:37:34 PM PST
February 19, 2018
Approve
Deny


4:40
Login Request
Protected by Duo Security
WELCOME TO BEDROCK POP. 2500
wilma - microsoft
Microsoft Azure Active Directory
wilma@bluebox806.onmicrosoft.com
69.42.7.98
Concord, CA, US
4:40:26 PM PDT
March 19, 2018
Approve
Deny


11:27
Admin Panel
bedrock
Approve
Deny


Home
Your System
mac-daddy.local
macOS is up to date
System password is set
FileVault is enabled
Firewall is enabled
Login secured by

Wired for Zero Trust

Integration documents are available at **duo.com/docs**

Microsoft	VPNs	Cloud Apps	On-Premises	Identity	Custom
Office 365	Juniper Networks	salesforce	Epic	Active Directory	REST APIs
Outlook	Cisco	Google Apps	Oracle PeopleSoft	Active Directory Federation Services	WEB SDK
Remote Desktop Services	Citrix	amazon web services	vmware Horizon View	okta	RADIUS
Windows Server	paloalto Networks	box	>_SSH unix	PingIdentity	SAML
RRAS	Pulse Secure	Dropbox	Shibboleth	onelogin	OIDC

Duo Security is now part of Cisco.

Our Vision: Passwordless Authentication

User to Device → To Every Application

webauthn.guide / webauthn.io

WebAuthn

A better alternative for securing our sensitive information online

Suby Raman

Suby is a software engineer at Duo Security, working on the team responsible for Duo's Authentication Prompt. He has helped drive Web Authentication development at Duo.

Notably, he has contributed over 175 custom emoji to Duo's Slack workspace.

@subyraman

fido™

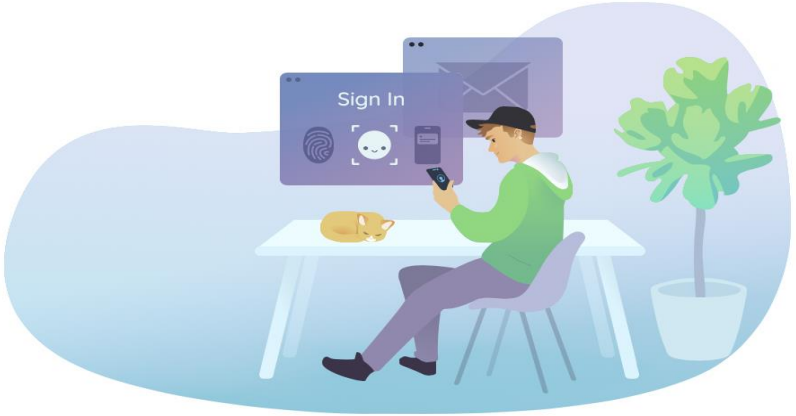
W3C

Nick Steele

Nick Steele is an R&D engineer with Duo Labs and a W3C Invited Expert for the WebAuthn standard.

While his focus lies in user authentication and authorization, he also has strong opinions about sci-fi and ramen.

@codekaiju



Duo Security is now part of Cisco.

Trust Engine

https://duo.com/labs

https://twitter.com/duo_labs

DUO LABS


DISCO
TM

What is BeyondCorp?

- 2014 - Google BeyondCorp paper
- 2016 - Google BeyondCorp progress update
- 2017 - BeyondCorp migration, user experience and lessons learned

SECURITY

BeyondCorp
A New Approach to Enterprise Security

RORY WARD AND BETSY BEYER

Rory Ward is a site reliability engineering manager in Google Ireland. He previously worked in Ireland at Valista, in Silicon Valley at AOL, Netscape, Kiva, and General Magic, and in Los Angeles at Retix. He has a BSc in computer applications from Dublin City University.
roryward@google.com

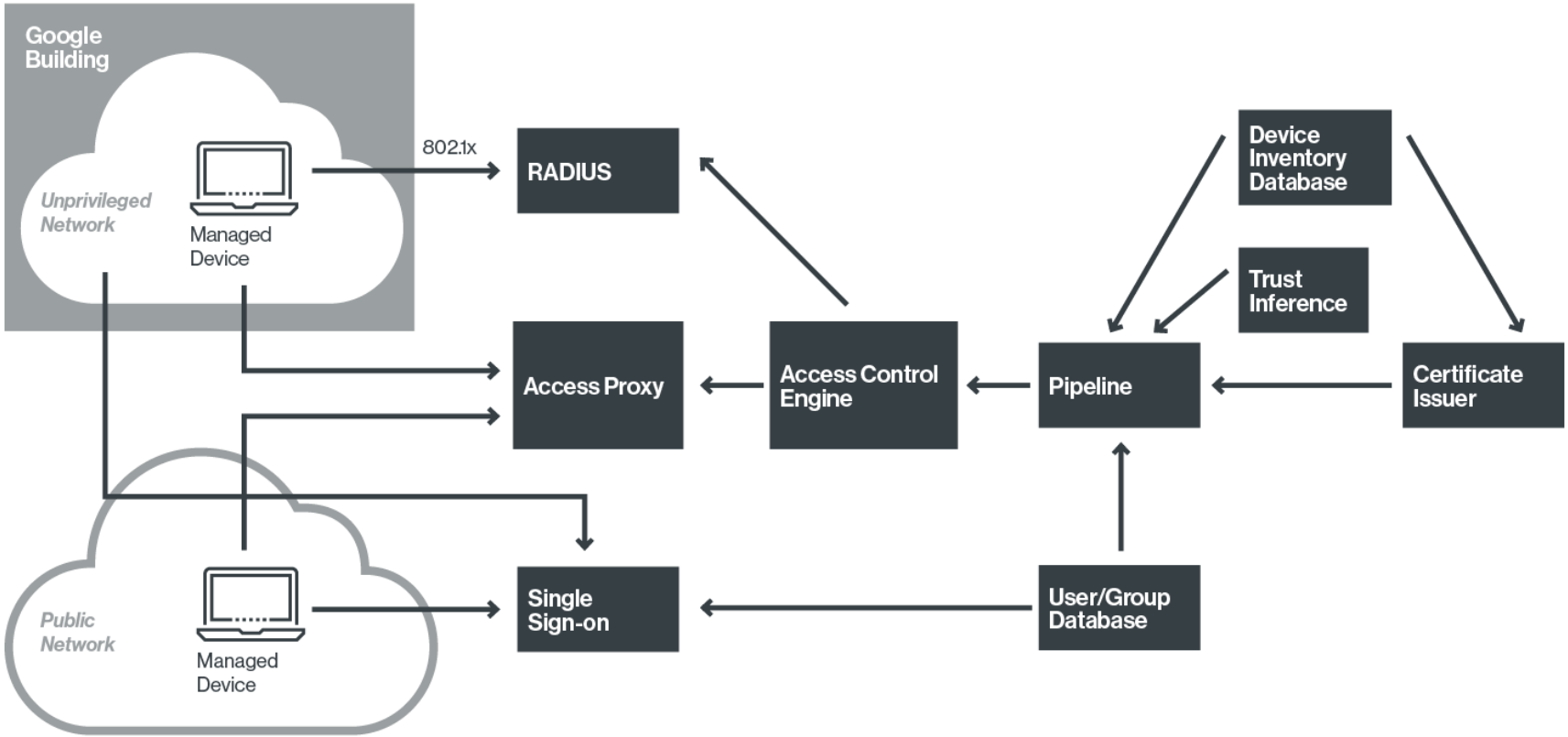
Betsy Beyer is a technical writer specializing in virtualization software for Google SRE in NYC. She has previously provided documentation for Google Data Center and Hardware Operations teams. Before moving to New York, Betsy was a lecturer in technical writing at Stanford University. She holds degrees from Stanford and Tulane. bbeyer@google.com

Virtually every company today uses firewalls to enforce perimeter security. However, this security model is problematic because, when that perimeter is breached, an attacker has relatively easy access to a company's privileged intranet. As companies adopt mobile and cloud technologies, the perimeter is becoming increasingly difficult to enforce. Google is taking a different approach to network security. We are removing the requirement for a privileged intranet and moving our corporate applications to the Internet.

Since the early days of IT infrastructure, enterprises have used perimeter security to protect and gate access to internal resources. The perimeter security model is often compared to a medieval castle: a fortress with thick walls, surrounded by a moat, with a heavily guarded single point of entry and exit. Anything located outside the wall is considered dangerous, while anything located inside the wall is trusted. Anyone who makes it past the drawbridge has ready access to the resources of the castle.

The perimeter security model works well enough when all employees work exclusively in buildings owned by an enterprise. However, with the advent of a mobile workforce, the surge in the variety of devices used by this workforce, and the growing use of cloud-based services, additional attack vectors have emerged that are stretching the traditional paradigm to the point of redundancy. Key assumptions of this model no longer hold: The perimeter is no longer just the physical location of the enterprise, and what lies inside the perimeter is no longer a blessed and safe place to host personal computing devices and enterprise applications.

Google BeyondCorp: Zero-Trust at Work



Google hasn't suffered an employee phishing compromise in over a year

24 JUL 2018 4

Google, Phishing, Security threats